

## Today's Metal Prices

### NEW YORK QUOTATIONS.

New York, June 21.—Silver, 64 1/4c; lead, \$6.80; spelter, \$12.25; copper, \$27.50@29.25.

Forty-sixth Year—No. 148.

Price Five Cents.

# The Ogden Standard.

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER.

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 21, 1916.

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SIXTEEN PAGES

WEATHER—Utah: Local Showers  
This Afternoon or Tonight in North  
Portion; Fair South, Slightly Cooler;  
Thursday Fair.

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice, Ogden, Utah.

# One Hundred Seventy-five Business Men of Northern Utah Go Sight-Seeing in Ogden

## ALL MEXICANS ARE BEING CALLED FOR POSSIBLE MILITARY SERVICE

Placards Posted in Juarez and Signed by General Trevino—Cavalry and Infantry Troops With Equipment Being Rushed by De Facto Officials to Points on Mexican Border—Recruiting Rapidly Progressing in Every City in United States.

## BIG POWERS URGE MEXICO TO AVOID WAR

Carranza Receives Messages From Many Diplomats Regarding Hostile Attitude Toward United States—Lansing's Note Arrives in Mexico City.

Washington, June 21.—Strong pressure is being brought to bear upon General Carranza by representatives of European powers to prevent him from forcing a break with the United States. Indirect reports reaching the state department today told of these efforts and said that there was a possibility that they would be successful.

Washington, June 21.—Special Agent Rodgers at Mexico City telegraphed the state department today that the American note had reached there and was being considered by General Carranza and his cabinet. He made no mention of how it was received.

El Paso, Texas, June 21.—Placards were posted about Juarez today calling on all Mexicans to present themselves for possible military service. They bore the signature of General Jacinto Trevino.

Eagle Pass, Texas, June 21.—General Murguia, a Carranza commander, arrived at Piedras Negras, the Mexican town opposite here today, with a detachment of 2,000 Yaquis, reinforcing the garrison there. A large part of the civilian population of Piedras Negras already has moved south.

Washington, June 21.—Marching orders for National Guard organizations summoned to the colors under President Wilson's call are still held up at the war department, pending completion of the mobilization of the troops at state camps.

Just as soon as a sufficient number of the guardsmen have been mustered into the federal service, the war department will act on General Funston's report of yesterday stating the number of units he desired and to what he desired them forward.

Only preliminary reports of the progress of the mobilization in various states had reached the war department today. These were viewed as satisfactory.

To Graduate West Pointers. Secretary Baker said the suggestion that the senior class at West Point military academy be graduated immediately for active service was under consideration, but that no decision had been reached. The cadets could be commissioned as second lieutenants immediately, if the emergency warrants such steps.

The department had no additional advice from General Funston regarding the movements of Carranza troops near the border or in the vicinity of General Pershing's column in Mexico.

Washington, June 21.—The United States today anxiously awaited word from Mexico City regarding General Carranza's attitude toward the American note sent him yesterday, for on him depends the question of war between the two republics.

High officials here admitted privately they look for war, although Carranza was taken to avoid any formal expressions or acts which might appear forerunners of a declaration of war.

The only answer required from General Carranza is action suppressing outlaw treatment of Americans and officials feared against hope that this would not be done.

Unofficial versions of the note probably were published in Mexico City today and the official text already may be in Carranza's hands.

War Department Getting Ready. Military authorities were looking for the de facto government's attitude in Mexico threatening troop movements near the border today, and in preparation for these the war department was getting ready to act on General Funston's request for immediate dispatch of a number of national guard units to the border. It was said Secretary Baker and President Wilson probably would determine what organizations should be sent.

Several days may elapse before any great number of militia units can be mustered into the federal service. Reports of rapid enthusiasm and rapid recruiting continued to come in from many states today.

Great interest was expressed in the probable course to be followed in case Mexicans attack the American column. It was regarded as probable that a general rapid advance from the border to perhaps 100 or more miles south of the border. This line would then be fortified and held until volunteer reinforcements became available.

Thus fighting would be thrown

them to leave. Special Agent Rodgers has decided to remain in Mexico City until such time as it became necessary for him to leave.

Nebraska Infantry Ready. Omaha, Neb., June 21.—The Fourth Infantry, Nebraska National Guard, was ready for mobilization today, every company having reached the required strength. Delay in assembling the guard has resulted from indecision of the authorities as to the concentration point. Lincoln was named in the original order. This was changed to Ashland, where the state owns a rifle range. Yesterday it was found this sight was not wholly suitable and it was suggested that the war department might consent to the use of Fort Crook, near Omaha. Negotiations were begun on this proposition.

Mexico Calling for Cars. El Paso, Texas, June 21.—Railway officials here stated that the Mexican government has been making strenuous efforts to have the cars of the National railways returned from the American side. The Mexicans gave the excuse that they wanted to overhaul the cars in rehabilitating their roads.

## MEXICANS MASS NEAR BORDER

Several Thousand Cavalry With Artillery in Position to Threaten Santa Cruz Valley.

## REGULARS' WIVES LEAVE

Army Officers Prepare to Cope With Possible Mexican Cavalry Raid.

Nogales, Arizona, June 21.—Colonel with reports that Mexican troops had arrived at Lomas, four miles south of Nogales, with seven pieces of artillery and that several thousand Mexican cavalry had been massed in a position to threaten the Santa Cruz valley, wives of army officers attached to the 1,500 regulars here prepared today to leave for northern points.

Army officers in Nogales, in no way alarmed, are preparing to cope with a possible Mexican cavalry raid upon the Santa Cruz valley between Nogales and Tucson. If a break should come, it is pointed out that all Sonora faces starvation if the border remains closed to food supplies, and that a foray into this section would be the logical development.

General Gomez Alarmed. General Gomez is now at Fronteras with several thousand regulars. Reports here expressed alarm over the fact that Colonel Aguilera's command of 1,500 men reported last night to have passed Lomas en route to Cananea, had not yet been heard from in that direction.

Reports that General Estrada on his way from Sinaloa to Magdalena with about 5,000 troops and that Magdalena, 54 miles south of the border, is to be the headquarters of General P. Elias Calles are given credence here.

## WESTERN GOVERNORS CALL OFF THEIR CONFERENCE

Portland, Ore., June 21.—Developments today indicated that the fifth annual Western Governors' conference, scheduled to be held in Salt Lake City, June 26, would be postponed. Governor James Withycombe of Oregon, secretary of the conference, has announced that because of the Mexican situation he would be unable to attend.

Governor Withycombe received today a telegram from M. C. Riley of Madison, Wis., secretary of the National Governors' conference, which is scheduled to meet at Salt Lake City at the same time, asking if the western executives had abandoned their meeting. It was stated at the office of Governor Withycombe that both organizations would take a poll of their members and that, if only a small number could attend, a postponement of the two conferences probably would be announced shortly.

Governor Ernest Lister of Washington, stated today that he also could not be present. These are the only officers of the conference.

Governor Morris Alexander of Idaho, who was on the program as one of the principal speakers, also announced today that he would not attend.

Premier Skouloudis Resigns. Athens, June 21, via Paris, 7:20 a. m.—The Neon Asya says that the resignation of Premier Skouloudis probably will be announced in parliament today.

## SPECIAL TRAIN OF FIVE CARS BRINGS LEADING MERCHANTS

Sixty Automobiles at the Terminal of Electric Road From the North Are Quickly Filled and a Tour of the City's Manufacturing Plants Begun—Day of Diversion Will End With a Banquet at The Hermitage in Ogden Canyon.



The Hermitage, Ogden Canyon, Where Banquet Will Be Held This Evening.

Ogden, the manufacturing and jobbing center of Utah, through its branch of the Utah Manufacturers' association, was host today to the merchants of Brigham City, Provo, Heber, and Panguitch. A special committee composed of James P. Casey, secretary of the Ogden Publicity bureau; Roscoe W. Barclay, secretary of the Utah Manufacturers' association; Joseph Scowcroft, Jr., of the John Scowcroft & Sons' company; Jack Wood of the Murphy Grocery & Drug company; H. L. Griffin, of the Ogden Packing & Provision company; W. E. Zuppang, of the Manufacturers' publicity committee; and representatives of the J. S. Campbell company, Ogden Wholesale Drug company and Ogden Wholesale Grocery company, the merchants arrived at the local terminal of the Ogden, Logan & Idaho Railway company, on O. L. & I. train No. 2, at 11 a. m. today.

The train was operated under direction of General Manager P. D. Kline; Auditor J. S. Bruerton, Supt. of Transportation J. M. Read, and Asst. Traffic Manager Laurie Dee. The escort of Ogden men went to Preston last night and boarded the train there this morning with the Preston delegation of merchants and, at all of the stopping places, greeted the other delegations as they joined the party. En route to Ogden, each member of the committee acted as an entertainment committee of one, explaining the many reasons for Ogden's recognition as one of the most important industrial and distributing centers in the intermountain country and putting the guests in a proper frame of mind to enjoy the program to be carried out during their visit to this city.

When all of the cars parked on the rear platform of the depot had been filled, the remaining members of the party were escorted through the station to the long line of autos on the street. These were soon filled and the parade, composed of nearly 60 cars, headed by a car driven by President W. J. Parker of the Utah Canners' association, was started on its tour of the city's manufacturing district.

The different committees of the manufacturers' association and other members of the Weber club gathered at the interurban depot on Twenty-fourth street more than a half hour before the arrival of the special train, parking their automobiles on both sides of the street, to await their occupancy by the visitors. When the train arrived, one hundred and seventy-five northern merchants and sixteen committee members, with spirits heightened, rather than lowered by the heavy rain of the morning hours, were greeted by the Ogden people.

Each one of the visitors had been supplied with a badge and colored button, the latter bearing the words "I am for Utah," and the Logan representatives were made especially prominent through the decoration of a red badge, with the words "Ogden's Hospitality Appreciated," printed on it in black letters. The merchants in the party were:

Brigham City — Thomas H. Blackburn; A. B. Clinger, Farmers' Cash Union; W. F. Compton, proprietor of the Rightway; John Forrest; V. L. Hansen, Hansen Variety Store; William H. Hargis, manager Bonneville L. Co.; Jesse W. Hoopes, Stahl Furniture Co.; W. C. Horsley, William Horsley & Sons; H. C. Jacobson, Laurel Bakery; Elias Jensen, Lawrence Jorgensen, Brigham Bulletin; Victor E. Madson, Box Elder News; Rudolph Kaiser, Kaiser hotel; V. V. Phillips, Phillips & Cummings; William Preston, Hansen Mercantile company; D. L. Reeder, N. E. Samsel, confectioner; J. F. Sheffield, Cash Grocery & Meat company; L. J. Smith; J. Francis Merrill, president Commercial club; Nels Jensen; Mayor Erdman; R. L. Fishburn; Mathias Bros.; C. Holst; John Pierce, Brigham City Canning company.

Providence, Utah—Joseph A. Smith, J. Reddish, Henry A. Theurer. Honeyville, Utah—B. H. Tolman & Son.

Collinston, Utah—John R. Standing, G. C. Sweeten, Evan Morgan, Morgan & Son.

Fairview, Idaho—Chris Knudson, Gilbert & Knudson; Mr. Gilbert, Gilbert & Knudson.

Franklin, Idaho—Peter Bowcut, Cash Market; L. A. Cottle; W. H. Cottle; Ezra P. Monson; J. A. Nebeker, Kozy Kathy Korner.

Geneva, Utah—N. C. Jeppsen, Jeppsen Grocery; Oscar A. Jeppsen, Mantua Co-op.

Hyde Park, Utah—James A. Daines, C. C. Lee & Sons Co.; E. C. Lee. Dewey, Utah—N. B. Marble; Fred Golden, Waters & Gordon. Dayton, Idaho—P. Jones.

Meat Market; John W. Harry, Smithfield Sentinel. Whitney, Idaho—Serge B. Benson. Wellsville, Utah—M. S. Rindskopf, Sumpter Clothing company; John A. Brown, Brown's Confectionery; William H. Mangham; Herman F. Theurer, Golden Rule Store; Wellsville Drug company; Wellsville Co-op; John Wyatt, Farmers Mercantile company.

Florence Elwood, Royal Millinery; M. J. Swingard, Lewiston Mercantile company; E. M. Van Orden, Lewiston Furniture & Hardware; P. B. Van Orden, Lewiston Drug company; P. E. Van Orden, Lewiston Tribune.

Logan, Utah—Anthon Anderson, Anderson & Sons company; Mrs. M. H. Bench; J. S. Bingham, College Meat & Grocery; A. B. Cheney; C. M. Christensen, Spande Furniture company; Joseph B. Ewer, George Grech, Jr., Oak Confectionery; O. A. Garff, Logan Cash Store; C. W. Hansen, Morrill Clothing company; O. L. Hansen, Torrington Studio; H. G. Hayball, Hayball Mercantile company; J. W. Morrell, Morrell Clothing company; E. R. Owen, Utah Power & Light company; Leo Nielson, Economy Supply company; William Cartright, Economy Supply company; N. P. Johnson, Economy Supply company; Silvey Johnson; Miss Edna Jorgensen, A. Jorgensen; Herman Johnson, Palace Grocery; William Swinegard, City Drug company; John W. Leishmann, Leishmann Grocery; G. W. Leishmann, Murdoch Candy company; Malmrose & Sheffield; J. H. Montgomery, Independent Newspaper; Helmar Pederson, Ideal Grocery; C. M. Peterson, Independent Newspaper; J. W. Quattle, James Quattle & Co.; Robert Sheffield, City Grocery; Rasmussen, Rasmussen Bazaar; S. O. Shanchy, Cottage Grocery; W. E. Watson, Cache Valley Drug company; W. P. Jensen, Jensen Candy company; T. J. Poulter, Fourth Ward store; George Dunbar, manager Dunbar & Hyde; S. B. Sorenson, Chicago Meat Market; Alex. M. Smith, Star Clothing company; William Watson, manager Hayball Mercantile company; E. W. Elliott, manager Elliott & Hood; R. S. McAllister, manager Co-op Drug company; W. M. Everton, manager Everett & Sons; Logan Journal; Logan Republican, J. C. Allen; M. R. Hovey, secretary Boosters' club; A. G. Lundstrom, Lundstrom Furniture company; C. A. Hansen, Hansen Mercantile company; Roy Shelton, Palace Grocery; Lorenzo Hansen, Borden's Condensed Milk company; J. S. Larson; P. A. Thatcher, mayor; William Howell, Howell Bros.; M. A. Gustavsen, Utah Consumers' company; J. H. Anderson; William Smith; Chris Fomesbeck; Don Stewart, manager Logan hotel; Joseph Newbold; Andreas Peterson; Bell brothers.

Millville, Utah—Mrs. A. P. Anderson.

(Continued on Page Thirteen.)

## GEN. PERSHING SENDS REPORT

Gives Mexicans Chance to Make Good Threat, But They Decline Issue.

## TROOPS AT OJINAGA

Instructions to Funston—Four Regiments of Infantry and Two Cavalry Regiments to Be Organized at Once.

San Antonio, Texas, June 21.—General Pershing has given the Mexican troops the opportunity to make good their threat to attack him if he moved east or west, but the Mexican declined the issue.

He sent a small force eastward to Guzman, about 35 miles from his line of communication yesterday to investigate a report that a concentration of Mexican troops had been made there. He reported the incident to General Funston today, adding that the detachment had returned without finding any Mexican troops in that vicinity.

Reports to department headquarters today told of the arrival of more troops at Ojinaga, opposite Presidio, Texas, and at Agua Prieta opposite Eagle Pass. Beyond Ojinaga increased activity was noted but officers here believed Colonel Castro, commanding on the American side has men enough to meet the situation.

The heaviest addition to the Mexican army was opposite at Ojinaga, where General Murguia arrived this morning with 2,000 men.

General Funston said today that he had not been able to confirm the rumor that Americans at Cerrelayo had been murdered.

General Funston was notified by the war department today that detailed instructions have been sent to him for organization by him of four regiments of infantry and two cavalry regiments under the army re-organization bill which will become effective July 1. The procedure will be to assign experienced non-commissioned officers from existing regiments to the new organization to handle the recruits.

Paris, June 21, 11:50 a. m.—A violent attack on the French positions northwest of Rheims was made by the Germans last night at Hill No. 100 and in the direction of Berry-au-Bac, according to an official statement issued by the war office today. The attack was repulsed by the French artillery.

The Germans exploded two mines before launching their infantry against the French trenches. Their repulse, the statement says, was due to the effectiveness of the French screen fire.

In the Verdun sector no infantry action was reported but a mutual bombardment was maintained during the night.

The text of the statement follows: "South of the Somme, before Maucourt, a detachment of the enemy which attempted to approach our lines was dispersed with rifle fire.

"Northwest of Rheims the Germans, after exploding two mines delivered an attack against the trenches at Hill No. 100 south of Berry-au-Bac. Checked by our curtain of fire this attack was defeated completely.

"On both banks of the Meuse (Verdun front) our artillery and that of the enemy were rather active during the night."

Hindenburg Not Sunk. New York, June 21.—The German battleship Hindenburg did not take part, as unofficially reported, in the sea battle between the British and German fleets off Jutland, according to Charles Hagemeister, a banker of Mexico City, who arrived here today on the steamship Oscar II from Copenhagen.

Mr. Hagemeister said that two days after the battle he was in a German port, the name of which he would not reveal, and saw there the Hindenburg at anchor without a mark—scratch on her.

## GREAT RUSS DRIVE

Czar's Troops Have Over 172,000 Prisoners—Defeat Germans.

While the weight of German military power is being increasingly felt on the eastern front where it has stiffened the Austrian resistance to the drive of the Russians, the pressure on the French at Verdun has momentarily lessened.

Athens dispatches forecast probable changes in the Greek ministry as a result of the economic pressure which the allies have exerted because of their dissatisfaction with the Greek government's attitude. Resignation of the cabinet of Premier Skouloudis is expected in some quarters.

Petrograd, June 21, via London, 7:30 p. m.—The war office announced today that the number of men captured by the Russians in the offensive in Volhynia and Galicia up to Thursday of last week was 172,484.

The official announcement says that, in a severe engagement on the Stokhod river, German troops which made an attack in massed formation, were repulsed and took to flight.

"The total number of prisoners taken by General Brusiloff from June 3 to 15 inclusive," says the statement, "was 3350 officers and 169,134 men. We also captured 198 guns, 550 machine guns, 189 bomb throwers, 119 artillery limbers, 34 searchlights and a large quantity of other war material."

Army Cut in Two. London, June 21, 12:11 p. m.—Confirmation of reports of the cutting in two of General Pflanzer's army in Bukovina are contained in a dispatch to the Star from Petrograd today. When the Austrians retired from Czernowitz the correspondent says, part of them retreating due south along the Rumanian border and others toward the Carpathians, their hope was to have time to hold the Russians on the fortified line running from Kutly to Sereth along the rivers Mikhorda and Sereth. But despite the delay caused by the prolonged defense of Czernowitz, General Letichitzky threw his reserves upon the heels of the retreating Austrians at such speed that he succeeded in reaching that line simultaneously with them.

The result was that General Pflanzer's forces were cut in half midway between Kutly and Sereth at Stroginet.

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